RULES OF THE

TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE DIVISION OF CONSUMER AND INDUSTRY SERVICES CHAPTER 0080-04-12 STANDARD OF IDENTITY – HONEY TABLE OF CONTENTS

0080-04-12-.01. Purpose

0080-04-12-.04 Labeling

0080-04-12-.02 Definitions

0080-04-12-.03 Essential Composition and Quality Factors

0080-04-12.-01 PURPOSE.

This standard applies to all honey produced by honey bees from nectar and covers all styles of honey presentation that are processed and ultimately intended for direct consumption and to all honey packed, processed or intended for sale in bulk containers as honey, that may be repacked for retail sale or for sale or use as an ingredient in other foods.

Authority: T.C.A. § 53-1-205. **Administrative History:** Original rule filed March 24, 2015; effective June 22, 2015.

0080-04-12-.02 DEFINITIONS.

- (1) "Honey" means the natural food product resulting from the harvest of nectar by honeybees and the natural activities of the honeybees in processing nectar. It consists essentially of different sugars, predominantly fructose and glucose as well as other substances such as organic acids, enzymes and solid particles derived from honey collection. The color of honey can vary from nearly colorless to dark brown. The consistency can be fluid, viscous or partially to completely crystallized. The flavor and aroma vary, but are derived from the plant's origin.
- (2) "Blossom Honey" or "Nectar Honey" is the honey which comes from nectars of plants.
- (3) "Honeydew Honey" is the honey which comes mainly from excretions of plant sucking insects (Hemiptera) on the living parts of plants or secretions of living parts of plants.

Authority: T.C.A. § 53-1-205. **Administrative History:** Original rule filed March 24, 2015; effective June 22, 2015.

0080-04-12-.03 ESSENTIAL COMPOSITION AND QUALITY FACTORS.

- (1) A product sold or offered for sale as honey shall not have added to it any food additives, as defined in T.C.A. § 53-1-102(15), nor shall any other additions be made other than honey. It shall not have begun to ferment or effervesce and no pollen or constituent unique to honey may be removed except where unavoidable in the removal of foreign matter. Honey shall not be heated or processed to such an extent that its essential composition is changed or its quality is impaired. Chemical or biochemical treatments shall not be used to influence honey crystallization.
- (2) Moisture Content No water may be added to honey in the course of extraction or packing for sale or resale as honey. Honey shall not have a moisture content exceeding 20%.
- (3) Sugars Content.
 - (a) The ratio of fructose to glucose shall be greater than 0.9.
 - (b) Fructose and Glucose (Sum of Both) shall not be less than 60g/100g.
 - (c) The Maltose content shall not exceed 10%.
 - (d) The sucrose content shall not be more than 5g/100g with the following exceptions:
 - Alfalfa (Medicago sativa), Citrus spp., False Acacia (Robinia pseudoacacia), French Honeysuckle (Hedysarum), Menzies Banksia (Banksia menziesii), Red Gum (Eucalyptus camaldulensis), Leatherwood (Eucryphia lucida), Eucryphia milligani – not more than 10g/100g.
 - 2. Lavender (Lavandula spp) and Borage (Borago officinalis) not more than 15g/100g.
 - (e) There shall be no oligosaccharides indicative of invert syrup.
- (4) The absolute value of Carbon Stable Isotope Ratio Analysis (CSIRA) shall be more negative than -20.0.
- (5) CSIRA Internal Standard Procedure with a protein value minus honey value shall not be more negative than -1.0.

Authority: T.C.A. § 53-1-205. **Administrative History:** Original rule filed March 24, 2015; effectiveJune 22, 2015.

0080-04-12-.04 LABELING.

- (1) Products conforming to the standard of identity as adopted in this rule shall be designated "honey". Foods containing honey and any flavoring, spice or other added ingredient or if honey is processed in such a way that a modification to honey occurs that materially changes the flavor, color, viscosity or other material characteristics of pure honey, then such foods shall be distinguished in the food name from honey by declaration of the food additive or modification.
- (2) Honey may be designated according to floral or plant source if it comes predominately from that particular source and has the organoleptic, hysicochemical and microscopic properties corresponding with that origin.
- (3) Where honey has been designated according to floral or plant source paragraph (2), then the common name or the botanical name of the floral source shall be used in conjunction with or joined with the word "honey".

- (4) Honey may be designated by the name of the geographical or topographical region if the honey was produced exclusively within the area referred to in the designation.
- (5) The styles of honey identified in subparagraphs (6)(b) and (c) shall be declared on packaging labeling as "Comb Honey", "Cut Comb in Honey", "Honey with Comb" or "Chunk Honey" as appropriate.
- (6) Honey may be designated according to the following styles:
 - (a) "Honey" which is honey in liquid or crystalline state or a mixture of the two:
 - (b) "Comb Honey" which is honey stored by bees in the cells of freshly built broodless combs and which is sold in sealed whole combs or sections of such combs;
 - (c) "Cut Comb in Honey", "Honey with Comb" or "Chunk Honey" which is honey containing one or more pieces of comb honey.

Authority: T.C.A. § 53-1-205. **Administrative History:** Original rule filed March 24, 2015; effective June, 22, 2015.

2010 Tennessee Code
Title 53 - Food, Drugs And Cosmetics
Chapter 1 - Tennessee Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act
Part 1 - General Provisions
53-1-102 - Chapter definitions.

53-1-102. Chapter definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (15) "Food additive" means any substance, the intended use of which results or may reasonably be expected to result, directly or indirectly, in its becoming a component or otherwise affecting the characteristics of any food, including any substance intended for use in producing, manufacturing, packing, processing, preparing, treating, packaging, transporting or holding food; and including any source of radiation intended for any such use, if the substance is not generally recognized, among experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate its safety, as having been adequately shown through scientific procedures to be safe under the conditions of its intended use; except that "food additive" does not include:
 - (A) A pesticide chemical in or on an agricultural commodity;
 - (B) A pesticide chemical to the extent that it is intended for use or is used in the production, storage or transportation of any raw agricultural commodity;
 - (C) A color additive;

- **(D)** Any substance used in accordance with a sanction or approval granted prior to the enactment of the Food Additives Amendment of 1958, pursuant to the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act; or
- **(E)** Any substance used in food prior to January 1, 1958, that has been shown through either scientific procedures or experience based on common use in food to be safe under the conditions of its intended use;